



B.K. BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION

SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS
A CBSE DAY-CUM-BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL



PRE BOARD-3 EXAMINATION 2025-26 POLITICAL SCIENCE (028)

CLASS: XII

DATE: 15/01/2026

NAME:

SET-B

DURATION: 3 Hrs.

MAX. MARKS: 80

ROLL NO: -----

General Instructions:

Read the following instructions very carefully and follow them:


- This question paper contains 30 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- Question paper is divided into five sections Sections A, B, C, D and E.
- Section A questions number 1 to 12 are Multiple Choice type questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
- Section B questions number 13 to 18 are Short Answer type questions. Each question carries 2 marks. Write answer to each question in 50 to 60 words.
- Section C questions number 19 to 23 are Long Answer type-I questions. Each question carries 4 marks. Write answer to each question in 100 to 120 words.
- Section D questions number 24 to 26 are Passage, Cartoon and Map-based questions. Answer each question accordingly.
- Section E questions number 27 to 30 are Long Answer type-II questions. Each question carries 6 marks. Write answer to each question in 170 to 180 words.
- There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions has to be attempted.

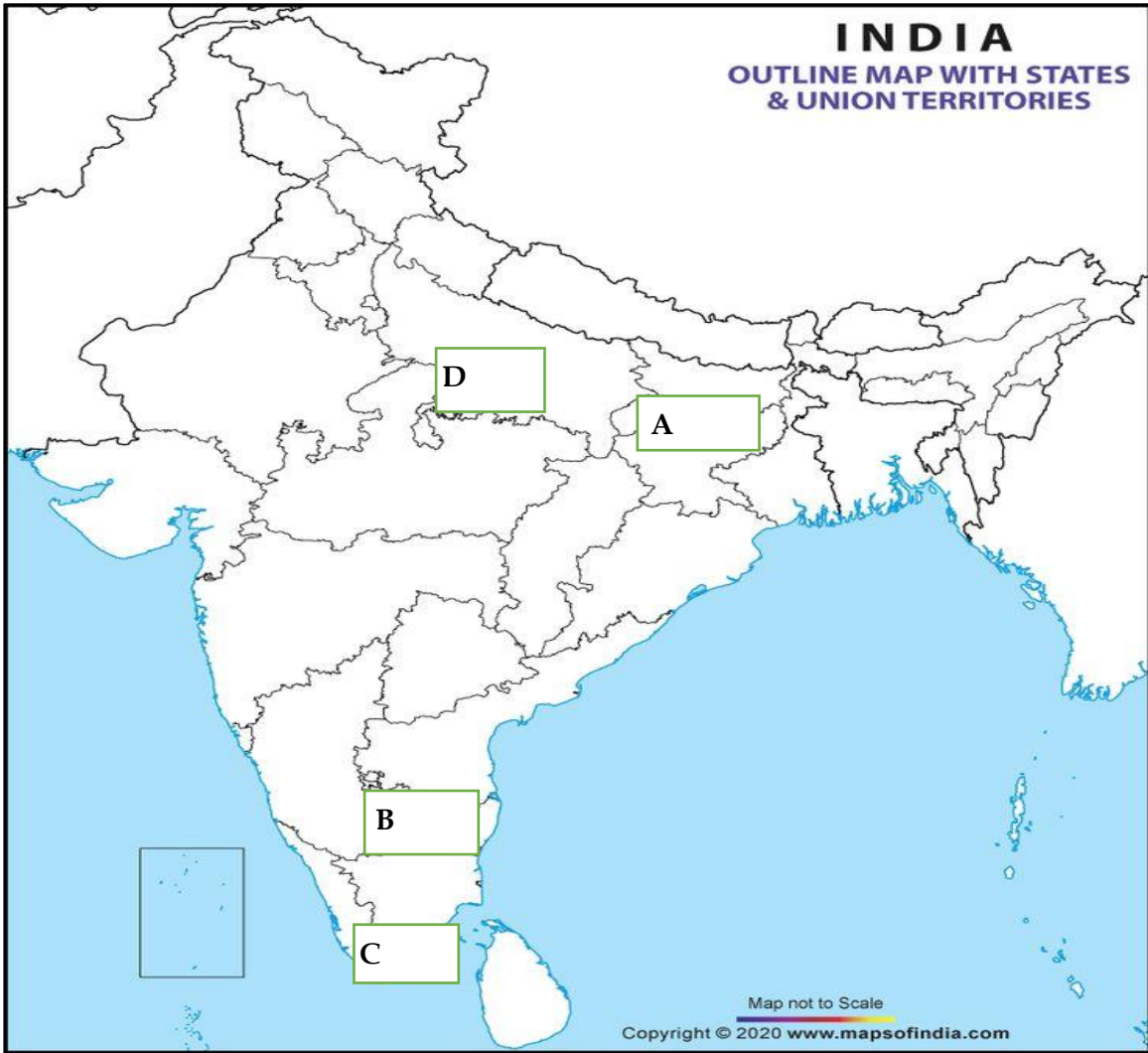
SECTION A[12x1M=12M]

1.	Who among the following was the judge of the Allahabad High Court who declared Mrs. Indira Gandhi's election as invalid? a. Om Prakash Trivedi b. Jagmohan Lal Sinha c. Narain Dutt Ojha d. Kunj Bihari Srivastava	[1]
2.	Which of the following Schedules of the Constitution allows complete autonomy to different tribes to preserve their practices and customary laws? a. Fourth Schedule b. Sixth Schedule c. Seventh Schedule d. Eighth Schedule	[1]
3.	Arrange the following in the chronological order of their establishment: i)The World Trade Organisation ii) Amnesty International iii)League of Nations iv) World Bank Options: a. iii, iv,i, ii b. iv, iii, ii, i c. ii, iii, iv, i	[1]

	d. i, ii,iii, iv							
4.	Fill in the blanks with the correct option: The World Social Forum had its first meeting in_____. a. Rio-de-janerio b. United States of America c. Porto Alegre d. Japan	[1]						
5.	There was considerable unease in Indo-US relations during the 1950s because : a. India had a growing partnership with the Soviet Union. b. The Soviet Union invaded Hungary. c. India was not a member of NATO. d. India was a founder member of NAM.	[1]						
6.	Given below are two statements: Statement I: The Shimla Agreement was signed between Indira Gandhi and Zulfikar Ali Bhutto on 3 rd July 1972. Statement II: The India China war of 1962 resulted in resignation of the defence minister V.Krishna Menon. In the light of above statement, choose the correct answer from the options given below: a. Only statement I is correct. b. Only statement II is correct c. Both statements I and II are correct. d. Both statements I and II are not correct.	[1]						
7.	Statement I: In the traditional view of security, most threats to a country's security come from within its borders. Statement II: In world politics, each country has to be responsible for its own security. In the light of above statement, choose the correct answer from the options given below: a. Only statement I is correct. b. Only statement II is correct c. Both statements I and II are correct. d. Both statements I and II are not correct.	1]						
8.	In the following question, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R). Choose the appropriate option as answer: Assertion(A): The Soviet union had become stagnant in administrative and political sense as well after the disintegration. Reason(R): The Soviet system was based on the ideology of socialism. a. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. b. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. c. A is true, but R is false. d. A is false, but R is true.	[1]						
9.	Assertion(A): Pakistan's democracy was considered as a failure. Reason(R): The dominance of the Military dictatorship led to the decline of functioning of democracy in Pakistan. a. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. b. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. c. A is true, but R is false. d. A is false, but R is true.	[1]						
10.	Match the List I with the List II: <table><tr><td>List I</td><td>List II</td></tr><tr><td>A. Indigenous people of the Cordillera region</td><td>i.Chile</td></tr><tr><td>B. Mapuche</td><td>ii.Bangladesh</td></tr></table>	List I	List II	A. Indigenous people of the Cordillera region	i.Chile	B. Mapuche	ii.Bangladesh	[1]
List I	List II							
A. Indigenous people of the Cordillera region	i.Chile							
B. Mapuche	ii.Bangladesh							

	C. Tribal people of the Chittagong Hill Tracts	iii. Philippines	
	D. Kuna tribe	iv. East of Panama Canal	
	Options: a. A-(iii), B- (i), C-(ii), D-(iv) b. A-(ii), B- (i), C-(iii), D-(iv) c. A-(ii), B- (i), C-(iv), D-(iii) d. A-(iv), B- (ii), C-(iii), D-(i)		
11.	Choose the correct option for the given statement: The idea of global security emerged in: a. 1960s b. 1970s c. 1980s d. 1990s		[1]
12.	Which of these statements about Non-Aligned Movement is INCORRECT ? a. Enabling newly decolonized countries to pursue independent policies b. Refusal to joining any military alliance c. Following a policy of neutrality on global issues d. Focus on elimination of global economic inequalities		[1]
SECTION B[6x2M=12Marks]			
13.	Explain in two specific points how the Gandhi-Longwal Accord succeeded in bringing normalcy in Punjab.		[2]
14.	Examine the outcomes of the Rio-Summit and how did it impact the global world. Write your answer in two specific points.		[2]
15.	‘The geographical proximity influences the formation of regional organosations.’ Analyse the statement in two specific points.		[2]
16.	‘In the new era of coalition politics,political parties are not aligning or re-aligning on the basis of ideology.’ Do you agree with the statement? Justify your views in two speciific points.		[2]
17.	Critically analyse that how globalization leads to shrinking of the rich cultural heritage of the entire globe in two specific points.		[2]
18.	‘In spite of the conflict, Sri Lanka has registered considerable economic growth and recorded high levels of human development’. Support the statement.		[2]
SECTION C [5x4=20Marks]			
19.	‘All regional movements need to lead to separatist demands. Justify the statement in four specific points with relevant examples.		[4]
20.	What is the primary goal of human security ? Explain the difference between the narrow and broad concepts of human Security. OR Explain the security challenges faced by the newly independent countries of Asia and Africa.		[4]
21.	Explain two areas of conflict and two areas of cooperation between India and Bangladesh in four specific points.		[4]
22.	Critically analyse the impact of changing role of the state in the developing countries in the light of globalisation in four specific points. OR Analyse in four specific points how globalisation have impacted India and how in turn		[4]

	impacting on globalisation.	
23.	Examine the factors which led to the popularity of Indira Gandhi's Government in the early 1970s.	[4]
	SECTION D[3x4M=12Marks]	
24.	<p>Read the passage and choose the most appropriate answer for the questions given below:</p> <p>'Commons' are those resources which are not owned by anyone but rather shared by community. This could be a 'common room', a 'community centre', a park or a river. Similarly, there are some areas or regions of the world which are located outside the sovereign jurisdiction of any one state, and therefore require common governance by the international community. These are known as res communis humanitatis or global commons.</p>	
1.	<p>Which of the following is a part of global commons?</p> <p>a. Ocean floor b. River Narmada c. Thar desert d. Nilgiris</p>	[1]
2.	<p>The Earth summit was held in .</p> <p>a. Kyoto b. Rio- de- Janeiro c. Rome d. Montreal</p>	[1]
3.	<p>Which of the following agencies of the United Nations is associated in dealing with environmental issues?</p> <p>a. UNESCO b. ECOSOC c. UNEP d. UNFCCC</p>	[1]
4.	<p>Why is cooperation over global commons not easy?</p> <p>a. Task cannot be monitored b. Lack of consensus on common environmental agendas c. Similar approach to environment between the global north and south. d. All of the above</p>	[1]
25.	<p>Study the given Cartoon and answer the questions that follow:</p>  <p>Credit: R. K. Laxman in The Times of India, 16 April 1974</p>	
1.	<p>Identify the leader who gave the slogan 'Save Democracy.'</p> <p>a. Sanjeeva Reddy b. S. Nijalingappa c. Karpoori Thakur d. Jayprakash Narayan</p>	[1]

2.	In which year the protest in Fig.1 took place? a. 1974 b. 1975 c. 1977 d. 1971	[1]
3.	To which state the leader of the movement belonged to? a. Uttar Pradesh b. Bihar c. Madhya Pradesh d. Rajasthan	[1]
4.	Which of the following statement is correct in context of Fig.1? a. It led to the formation of coalition politics in India b. Formation of regional political parties c. Declaration of Emergency by Indira Gandhi d. Separatist movement in India	[1]
26.	<p>In the given outline political map of India, four states have been marked as (A), (B), (C) and (D). Identify these states on the basis of the information given below and write their correct names in your answer book along with the respective serial numbers of the information used and the concerned alphabets as per the format that follows:</p> <p>(i) The state related to the leader who signed the Tashkent Agreement. (ii) The state related to C Natarajan Annadurai. (iii) The state related to Karpuri Thakur, who implemented reservation for backward classes. (iv) V.V. Giri belonged to this state.</p> 	[4]

	Sr. Number for the information used	Alphabet concerned	Name of the States	
	(i)			
	(ii)			
	(iii)			
	(iv)			
	SECTION E[4x6=24Marks]			
27.	Analyse the issues of regional aspirations in the state of Jammu & Kashmir in six specific points.			[6]
28.	Discuss the major issues which led to the formal split of the Congress Party in 1969. OR Explain the important outcomes of the elections of 1971 in six specific points.			[6]
29.	Critically analyse the objectives of military alliance ? Support your answer with an example of a functioning military alliance with its specific objectives.			[6]
30.	Give an analysis of the cultural and political consequences of globalization. OR Analyze any three reasons for resistance to globalization			[6]

ALL THE BEST